

# Worksheet 2.7 – Uniform Accelerated Motion

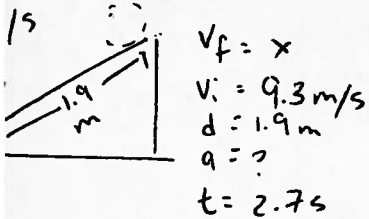
1) Bumblebee jumps straight upwards with a velocity of 14.0 m/s. What is his displacement of after 1.80 s?

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_f &= x \\
 v_i &= 14.0 \text{ m/s} \\
 d &= ? \\
 a &= -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 t &= 1.80 \text{ s}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d &= v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \\
 &= (14.0)(1.8) + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)(1.8)^2 \\
 &= \boxed{9.32 \text{ m}}
 \end{aligned}$$

(9.32 m)

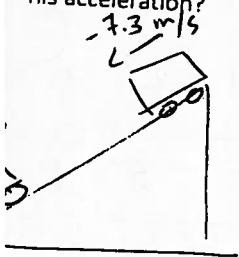
2) A surprisingly spherical decepticon is rolled up a constant slope with an initial velocity of 9.3 m/s. What is the acceleration of the decepticon if its displacement is 1.9 m up the slope after 2.7 s?



$$\begin{aligned}
 v_f &= x \\
 v_i &= 9.3 \text{ m/s} \\
 d &= 1.9 \text{ m} \\
 a &= ? \\
 t &= 2.7 \text{ s}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d &= v_i t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \\
 1.9 &= 9.3(2.7) + \frac{1}{2} a (2.7)^2 \\
 1.9 &= 25.11 + 3.65(a) \\
 \boxed{a = -6.4 \text{ m/s}^2} & \quad (-6.4 \text{ m/s}^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

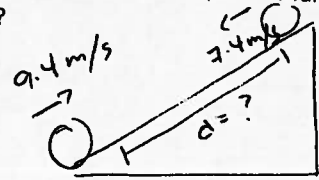
3) Optimus Prime coasts up a hill initially at 11.0 m/s. After 9.3 s he is rolling back down the slope at 7.3 m/s. What is his acceleration?



$$\begin{aligned}
 v_f &= -7.3 \text{ m/s} \\
 v_i &= 11.0 \text{ m/s} \\
 d &= x \\
 a &= ? \\
 t &= 9.3 \text{ s}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_f &= v_i + a t \\
 -7.3 &= 11.0 + a(9.3) \\
 \boxed{a = -2.0 \text{ m/s}^2} & \quad (-2.0 \text{ m/s}^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

4) Sonic (you know, the Hedgehog) rolls up a slope at 9.4 m/s. After 3.0 s he is rolling back down at 7.4 m/s. How far up the hill is he at this time?

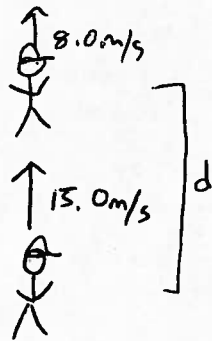


$$\begin{aligned}
 v_f &= -7.4 \text{ m/s} \\
 v_i &= 9.4 \text{ m/s} \\
 d &= ? \\
 a &= x \\
 t &= 3.0 \text{ s}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d &= \frac{1}{2} (v_i + v_f) t \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (-7.4 + 9.4)(3.0) \\
 &= \boxed{3.0 \text{ m}} \quad (3.0 \text{ m})
 \end{aligned}$$

5) Luigi jumps straight upwards at 15.0 m/s. How high is he when he is travelling at:

a) 8.0 m/s upwards?

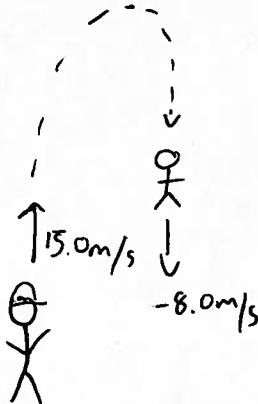


$$\begin{aligned}
 v_f &= 8.0 \text{ m/s} \\
 v_i &= 15.0 \text{ m/s} \\
 d &= ? \\
 a &= -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 t &= x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v_f^2 &= v_i^2 + 2 a d \\
 (8.0)^2 &= (15.0)^2 + 2(-9.8)d \\
 64 &= 225 + (-19.6)d \\
 -161 &= -19.6d \\
 \boxed{d = 8.2 \text{ m}}
 \end{aligned}$$

(8.2 m)

b) 8.0 m/s downwards?



$$\begin{aligned}
 v_f &= -8.0 \text{ m/s} \\
 v_i &= 15.0 \text{ m/s} \\
 d &= ? \\
 a &= -9.8 \\
 t &= x
 \end{aligned}$$

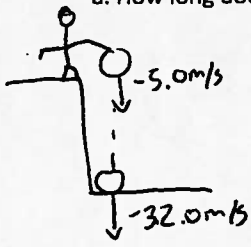
$$\begin{aligned}
 v_f^2 &= v_i^2 + 2 a d \\
 (-8.0)^2 &= (15)^2 + 2(-9.8)d
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{d = 8.2 \text{ m}}$$

(8.2 m, weird huh?)

6) Sick of his guff, Optimus decides to throw Megatron down off the top of a building at 5.0 m/s. Megatron hits the ground traveling at 32.0 m/s.

a. How long does it take to hit the ground?



$v_f = -32.0 \text{ m/s}$   
 $v_i = -5.0 \text{ m/s}$   
 $d = x$   
 $a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$   
 $t = ?$

$v_f = v_i + at$   
 $-32.0 = -5.0 + -9.8(t)$

$t = 2.8 \text{ s}$

(2.8 s)

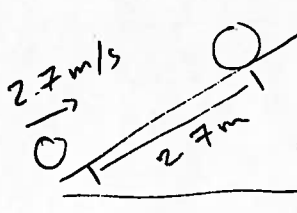
b. How far does he fall?

$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad$   
 $(-32.0)^2 = (-5.0)^2 + 2(-9.8)d$

$d = 51 \text{ m}$

b/c he falls  
↓ falls  
(-51 m)

7) Mario rolls a coin up a slope at 2.0 m/s. It travels 2.7 m, comes to a stop and rolls back down. What is the coin's entire time of travel?



$v_f = 0$  ← time to stop.  
 $v_i = 2.0 \text{ m/s}$   
 $d = 2.7 \text{ m}$   
 $a = x$   
 $t = ?$

$d = \frac{1}{2}(v_i + v_f)t$

$2.7 = \frac{1}{2}(2.0 + 0)t$

$t = 2.7 \text{ s}$

(5.4 s)

↑  
this is time to stop

time total =  $2.7 \times 2 = 5.4 \text{ s}$



8) While strolling along on Planet X an astronaut decides to throw a hammer and a feather upwards at 5.0 m/s. They both return to the point of release in 3.0 s. What is the acceleration due to gravity on Planet X.

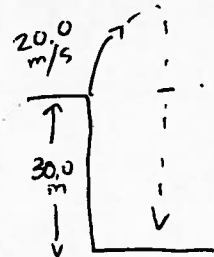
$v_f = -5.0 \text{ m/s}$   
 $v_i = 5.0 \text{ m/s}$   
 $d = x$   
 $a = ?$   
 $t = 3.0 \text{ s}$

$v_f = v_i + at$   
 $-5.0 \text{ m/s} = 5.0 + a(3.0)$

$a = -3.3 \text{ m/s}^2$

(-3.3 m/s<sup>2</sup>)

9) Princess Toadstool stands on the edge of a 30.0 m high cliff. She throws Bowser upwards at 20.0 m/s. If Bowser falls all the way to the bottom of the cliff, find:  
a. his velocity when he hits the ground.



$v_f = ?$   
 $v_i = -20.0 \text{ m/s}$   
 $d = -30.0 \text{ m}$   
 $a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$   
 $t = x$

$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad$   
 $v_f^2 = (-20.0)^2 + 2(-9.8)(-30)$

$v_f = -31.4 \text{ m/s}$

(-31.4 m/s)

b. the time it takes to hit the ground.

$v_f = -31.4 \text{ m/s}$   
 $v_i = 20.0 \text{ m/s}$   
 $d = -30 \text{ m}$   
 $a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$   
 $t = ?$

$v_f = v_i + at$   
 $-31.4 = 20 + (-9)t$

$t = 5.24 \text{ s}$

(5.24 s)